

# Project · Height measure

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#include "ABlocks_LiquidCrystal_I2C.h"
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <Wire.h>

// When the display powers up, it is configured as follows:
//
// 1. Display clear
// 2. Function set:
//    DL = 1; 8-bit interface data
//    N = 0; 1-line display
//    F = 0; 5x8 dot character font
// 3. Display on/off control:
//    D = 0; Display off
//    C = 0; Cursor off
//    B = 0; Blinking off
// 4. Entry mode set:
//    I/D = 1; Increment by 1
//    S = 0; No shift
//
// Note, however, that resetting the Arduino doesn't reset the LCD, so we
// can't assume that its in that state when a sketch starts (and the
// LiquidCrystal constructor is called).

LiquidCrystal_I2C::LiquidCrystal_I2C(uint8_t lcd_addr, uint8_t lcd_cols, uint8_t
lcd_rows, uint8_t charsize)
{
    _addr = lcd_addr;
    _cols = lcd_cols;
    _rows = lcd_rows;
    _charsize = charsize;
    _backlightval = LCD_BACKLIGHT;
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::begin() {
    Wire.begin();
    _displayfunction = LCD_4BITMODE | LCD_1LINE | LCD_5x8DOTS;

    if (_rows > 1) {
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    _displayfunction |= LCD_2LINE;
}

// for some 1 line displays you can select a 10 pixel high font
if ((_charsize != 0) && (_rows == 1)) {
    _displayfunction |= LCD_5x10DOTS;
}

// SEE PAGE 45/46 FOR INITIALIZATION SPECIFICATION!
// according to datasheet, we need at least 40ms after power rises above 2.7V
// before sending commands. Arduino can turn on way before 4.5V so we'll wait 50
delay(50);

// Now we pull both RS and R/W low to begin commands
expanderWrite(_backlightval); // reset expander and turn backlight off (Bit 8 =1)
delay(1000);

//put the LCD into 4 bit mode
// this is according to the hitachi HD44780 datasheet
// figure 24, pg 46

// we start in 8bit mode, try to set 4 bit mode
write4bits(0x03 << 4);
delayMicroseconds(4500); // wait min 4.1ms

// second try
write4bits(0x03 << 4);
delayMicroseconds(4500); // wait min 4.1ms

// third go!
write4bits(0x03 << 4);
delayMicroseconds(150);

// finally, set to 4-bit interface
write4bits(0x02 << 4);

// set # lines, font size, etc.
command(LCD_FUNCTIONSET | _displayfunction);
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// turn the display on with no cursor or blinking default
_displaycontrol = LCD_DISPLAYON | LCD_CURSOROFF | LCD_BLINKOFF;
display();

// clear it off
clear();

// Initialize to default text direction (for roman languages)
_displaymode = LCD_ENTRYLEFT | LCD_ENTRYSHIFTDECREMENT;

// set the entry mode
command(LCD_ENTRYMODESET | _displaymode);

home();
}

/***** high level commands, for the user! */
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::clear(){
    command(LCD_CLEARDISPLAY); // clear display, set cursor position to zero
    delayMicroseconds(2000); // this command takes a long time!
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::home(){
    command(LCD_RETURNHOME); // set cursor position to zero
    delayMicroseconds(2000); // this command takes a long time!
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::setCursor(uint8_t col, uint8_t row){
    int row_offsets[] = { 0x00, 0x40, 0x14, 0x54 };
    if (row > _rows) {
        row = _rows-1; // we count rows starting w/0
    }
    command(LCD_SETDDRAMADDR | (col + row_offsets[row]));
}

// Turn the display on/off (quickly)
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::noDisplay() {
    _displaycontrol &= ~LCD_DISPLAYON;
    command(LCD_DISPLAYCONTROL | _displaycontrol);
}

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}
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::display() {
    _displaycontrol |= LCD_DISPLAYON;
    command(LCD_DISPLAYCONTROL | _displaycontrol);
}

// Turns the underline cursor on/off
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::noCursor() {
    _displaycontrol &= ~LCD_CURSORON;
    command(LCD_DISPLAYCONTROL | _displaycontrol);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::cursor() {
    _displaycontrol |= LCD_CURSORON;
    command(LCD_DISPLAYCONTROL | _displaycontrol);
}

// Turn on and off the blinking cursor
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::noBlink() {
    _displaycontrol &= ~LCD_BLINKON;
    command(LCD_DISPLAYCONTROL | _displaycontrol);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::blink() {
    _displaycontrol |= LCD_BLINKON;
    command(LCD_DISPLAYCONTROL | _displaycontrol);
}

// These commands scroll the display without changing the RAM
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::scrollDisplayLeft(void) {
    command(LCD_CURSORSHIFT | LCD_DISPLAYMOVE | LCD_MOVELEFT);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::scrollDisplayRight(void) {
    command(LCD_CURSORSHIFT | LCD_DISPLAYMOVE | LCD_MOVERIGHT);
}

// This is for text that flows Left to Right
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::leftToRight(void) {
    _displaymode |= LCD_ENTRYLEFT;
    command(LCD_ENTRYMODESET | _displaymode);
}

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// This is for text that flows Right to Left
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::rightToLeft(void) {
    _displaymode &= ~LCD_ENTRYLEFT;
    command(LCD_ENTRYMODESET | _displaymode);
}

// This will 'right justify' text from the cursor
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::autoscroll(void) {
    _displaymode |= LCD_ENTRYSHIFTINCREMENT;
    command(LCD_ENTRYMODESET | _displaymode);
}

// This will 'left justify' text from the cursor
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::noAutoscroll(void) {
    _displaymode &= ~LCD_ENTRYSHIFTINCREMENT;
    command(LCD_ENTRYMODESET | _displaymode);
}

// Allows us to fill the first 8 CGRAM locations
// with custom characters
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::createChar(uint8_t location, uint8_t charmap[]) {
    location &= 0x7; // we only have 8 locations 0-7
    command(LCD_SETCGRAMADDR | (location << 3));
    for (int i=0; i<8; i++) {
        write(charmap[i]);
    }
}

// Turn the (optional) backlight off/on
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::noBacklight(void) {
    _backlightval=LCD_NOBACKLIGHT;
    expanderWrite(0);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::backlight(void) {
    _backlightval=LCD_BACKLIGHT;
    expanderWrite(0);
}

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/***** mid level commands, for sending data/cmds */

inline void LiquidCrystal_I2C::command(uint8_t value) {
    send(value, 0);
}

inline size_t LiquidCrystal_I2C::write(uint8_t value) {
    send(value, Rs);
    return 1; //fixed for new compiler version IDE 1.6+ !!! by Juanjo
}

/***** low level data pushing commands *****/

// write either command or data
void LiquidCrystal_I2C::send(uint8_t value, uint8_t mode) {
    uint8_t highnib=value&0xf0;
    uint8_t lownib=(value<<4)&0xf0;
    write4bits((highnib)|mode);
    write4bits((lownib)|mode);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::write4bits(uint8_t value) {
    expanderWrite(value);
    pulseEnable(value);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::expanderWrite(uint8_t _data){
    Wire.beginTransmission(_addr);
    Wire.write((int)(_data) | _backlightval);
    Wire.endTransmission();
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::pulseEnable(uint8_t _data){
    expanderWrite(_data | En); // En high
    delayMicroseconds(1); // enable pulse must be >450ns

    expanderWrite(_data & ~En); // En low
}

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    delayMicroseconds(50);          // commands need > 37us to settle
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::load_custom_character(uint8_t char_num, uint8_t *rows){
    createChar(char_num, rows);
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::setBacklight(uint8_t new_val){
    if (new_val) {
        backlight();                // turn backlight on
    } else {
        noBacklight();              // turn backlight off
    }
}

void LiquidCrystal_I2C::printstr(const char c[]){
    //This function is not identical to the function used for "real" I2C displays
    //it's here so the user sketch doesn't have to be changed
    print(c);
}
```